CLERK'S OFFICE DETROIT

## WORKSHEET A (Offense Levels)

efend	lant: <u>SCOTT</u>	K. BRADLEY	Count(s):	5, 6, 13, and 28		
ocket	t No.:		Statute(s):			
omplete ount of ction, i	conviction) before applying the counts of conviction	h count of conviction (taking into a g the multiple-count rules in U.S.S are all "closely related" to each of	account relevant conduct and G. ch. 3, pt. D. However, in her within the meaning of U	I treating each stipulated offense as a separate n any case involving multiple counts of con- .S.S.G. § 3D1.2(d), complete only a single		
•	BASE OFFENSE	LEVEL AND SPECIFIC	OFFENSE CHARA	CTERISTICS (U.S.S.G. ch. 2)		
	Guideline Section		<u>Description</u>	Levels 7		
	2B1.1(a)	Base Offense Leve				
	2B1.1(b)(1)(H)	Between \$400,000	and \$1,000,000	14		
	2B1.1(b)(2)(A)	Greater than 10 vice	ims/mass marketing			
	2B1.1(b)(9)(C)	Sophisticated mean	s	2		
	2S1.1(b)(2)(A)	Convicted under 18	U.S.C. § 1957	1		
•	ADJUSTMENTS  Guideline Section	-	Description	Levels 3		
	3B1.1(b)	Organizer/leader wi	th 5 or more or exten	sive		
•	ADJUSTED OF	FENSE LEVEL				
	Enter the sum of the offense levels entered in Items 1 and 2. If this Worksheet A does not cover every count of conviction (taking into account relevant conduct and treating each stipulated offense as a separate count of conviction), complete one or more additional Worksheets A and a single Worksheet B.					
		****	******			
	If this is the only	Worksheet A, check this be	ox and skip Workshee	at B.		
	If the defendant h	as no criminal history, ch	eck this box and skip	Worksheet C.		
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### WORKSHEET B (Multiple Counts)

#### Instructions (U.S.S.G. ch. 3, pt. D):

- Group the counts of conviction into distinct Groups of Closely Related Counts. "All counts involving substantially the same harm shall be grouped together into a single Group." (See U.S.S.G. § 3D1.2.)
- Determine the offense level applicable to each Group. (See U.S.S.G. § 3D1.3.)
- Determine the combined offense level by assigning "units" to each Group as follows (see U.S.S.G. § 3D1.4):
  - assign 1 unit to the Group with the highest offense level,

Enter the sum of the offense levels entered in Items 6 and 7.

- assign 1 unit to each additional Group that is equally serious as, or 1 to 4 levels less serious than, the Group with the highest offense level,
- assign ½ unit to each Group that is 5 to 8 levels less serious than the Group with the highest offense level,
- assign no units to each Group that is 9 or more levels less serious than the Group with the highest offense level.

	•				
1.	GROUP ONE: COUNTS		5, 6, 13, 28	29	1 unit
	ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVE				
2.	GROUP TWO: COUNTS	·		1	unit
	ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVE		• .		
			•		
3.	GROUP THREE: COUNTS			1	unit
	ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVE				
4.	GROUP FOUR: COUNTS				unit
•••	ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVE				
5.	TOTAL UNITS			•	1
			-		
				•	
6.	INCREASE IN OFFENSE L	EVEL			
				1	
	1 unit → no increase	2½-3 units → add 3 lev	vels		•
	1½ units → add 1 level				
	2 units → add 2 levels	>5 levels → add 5 iev	eis		
7.	ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEV	VEL OF GROUP			
/.	WITH THE HIGHEST OF		•	29	
	WILL THE HIGHEST CT				
					<u> </u>
8.	COMBINED ADJUST	ED OFFENSE LEVI	EL		
0.	COMPINED WOTOR	DD GITHIOD ED	<del>_</del>		29

(rev. 06/99)

## WORKSHEET D (Guideline Range)

1.	(COMBINED) ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL 29
	Enter the adjusted offense level entered in Item 3 of Worksheet A or the combined adjusted offense level entered in Item 8 of Worksheet B.
2.	ADJUSTMENT FOR ACCEPTANCE OF RESPONSIBILITY (U.S.S.G § 3E1.1)  -3
3.	TOTAL OFFENSE LEVEL
	Enter the difference between Items 1 and 2.
4.	CRIMINAL HISTORY CATEGORY
	Enter "I" if the defendant has no criminal history. Otherwise, enter the criminal history category entered in Item 6 of Worksheet C.
5.	CAREER OFFENDER / CRIMINAL LIVELIHOOD / ARMED CAREER CRIMINAL (U.S.S.G. ch. 4, pt. B)
	a. Total Offense Level: If the career offender provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.1), the criminal livelihood provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.3), or the armed career criminal provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.4) results in a total offense level higher than the total offense level entered in Item 3, enter the higher offense level total.
	b. Criminal History Category: If the career offender provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.1) or the armed career criminal provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.4) results in a criminal history category higher than the criminal history category entered in Item 4, enter the higher criminal history category.
6.	GUIDELINE RANGE FROM SENTENCING TABLE (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. A) 63-78
	Enter the guideline range in the Sentencing Table (see U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. A) produced by the total months offense level entered in Item 3 or 5.a and the criminal history category entered in Item 4 or 5.b.
7.	STATUTORY RESTRICTIONS ON OR SUPERSESSION OF GUIDELINE RANGE
	If the maximum sentence authorized by statute is below, or a minimum sentence required by statute is above, the guideline range entered in Item 6, enter either the guideline range as restricted by statute or the sentence required by statute. (See U.S.S.G. § 5G1.1.) If the sentence on any count of conviction is required by statute to be consecutive to the sentence on any other count of conviction, explain why.

# WORKSHEET E (Authorized Guideline Sentences)

1.	PROBAT	TION (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. B)
	a.	Imposition of a Term of Probation (U.S.S.G. § 5B1.1)
V	] .1.	Probation is not authorized by the guidelines (minimum of guideline range > 6 months or statute of conviction is a Class A or a Class B felony). If this box is checked, go to Item 2 (Split Sentence).
	2.	Probation is authorized by the guidelines (minimum of guideline range = zero months).
	3.	Probation is authorized by the guidelines, provided the court imposes a condition or combination of conditions requiring intermittent confinement, community confinement, or home detention satisfying the minimum of the guideline range (minimum of guideline range $> 0$ months but $\le 6$ months).
	b.	Length of Term of Probation (U.S.S.G. § 5B1.2)
	1.	At least 1 year but not more than 5 years (total offense level ≥ 6).
	2.	No more than 3 years (total offense level < 6).
	c.	Conditions of Probation (U.S.S.G. § 5B1.3)
		The court must impose certain conditions of probation and may impose other conditions of probation
2.	SPLIT S	SENTENCE (U.S.S.G. § 5C1.1(c)(2), (d)(2))
~	a.	A split sentence is not authorized (minimum of guideline range = 0 months or > 10 months).
	b	A split sentence is authorized (minimum of guideline range > 0 months but ≤ 10 months). The court may impose a sentence of imprisonment that includes a term of supervised release with a condition that substitutes community confinement or home detention for imprisonment, provided that at least one-half of the minimum of the guideline range is satisfied by imprisonment (if the minimum of the guideline range is 8, 9, or 10 months), or that at least one month is satisfied by imprisonment (if the minimum of the guideline range is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 6 months). The authorized length of the term of supervised release is set forth below in Item 4.b

#### 3. IMPRISONMENT (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. C)

A term of imprisonment is authorized by the guidelines if it is within the applicable guideline range (entered in Item 6 of Worksheet D). (See U.S.S.G. § 5C1.1.)

5. Restitution is not applicable.

#### (WORKSHEET E, p. 2)

4.	SUPE	RVI	SED RELEASE (U.S.S.G. ch 5., pt. D)
		a.	Imposition of a Term of Supervised Release (U.S.S.G. § 5D1.1)
			The court must impose a term of supervised release if it imposes a term of imprisonment of more than one year, or if it is required to do so by statute. The court may impose a term of supervised release if it imposes a term of imprisonment of one year or less.
		b.	Length of Term of Supervised Release (U.S.S.G. § 5D1.2)
Ţ.		1.	At least 3 years but not more than 5 years, where the count of conviction is a Class A or a Class B felony, i.e., an offense carrying a maximum term of imprisonment ≥ 25 years.
Γ		2.	At least 2 years but not more than 3 years, where the count of conviction is a Class C or a Class D felony, i.e., an offense carrying a maximum term of imprisonment ≥ 5 years but < 25 years.
		3	1 year, where the count of conviction is a Class E felony or a Class A misdemeanor, i.e., an offense carrying a maximum term of imprisonment > 6 months but < 5 years.
Ī		4.	The statute of conviction requires a minimum term of supervised release of months.
_		c.	Conditions of Supervised Release (U.S.S.G. § 5D1.3)
			The court must impose certain conditions of supervised release and may impose other conditions of supervised release.
<b>5.</b> ,	REST	riti	UTION (U.S.S.G. § 5E1.1)
		1.	The court will determine whether restitution should be ordered and in what amount.
Ī		2.	Full restitution to the victim(s) of the offense(s) of conviction is required by statute. (See, e.g., 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663A, 2327.) The parties agree that full restitution is \$
- Γ		3.	The parties agree that the court may order restitution to the victim(s) of the offense(s) of conviction in any amount up to and including \$ (See 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663(a)(3).)
		4.	The parties agree that the court may also order restitution to persons other than the victim(s) of the offense(s) of conviction. (See 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663(a)(1)(A), 3663A(a)(3).)

(WORKSHEET E, p. 3)

<b>5.</b>	FINE	(U.S.S.G.	8	5E1.	2)
<b>J.</b>	T TIIL	(0.0.0.0.	3		,

a. Fines for Individual Defendants

The court must impose a fine unless "the defendant establishes that he [or she] is unable to pay and is not likely to become able to pay any fine." (See U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(a).) Generally, the fine authorized by the guidelines is limited to the range established in the Fine Table. (See U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(b).) However, there are exceptions to this general rule. (See U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(b), (c)(4).)

Minimum Fine Maximum Fine
\$ <u>12,500</u>
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT(S) (U.S.S.G. § 5E1.3)
The court must impose a special assessment on every count of conviction. The special assessments for individual defendants are
\$100.00 for every count charging a felony (\$50.00 if the offense was completed before April 24, 1996)
\$100.00 for every count charging a felony (\$50.00 if the official was competent.)
\$ 25.00 for every count charging a Class A misdemeanor, \$ 10.00 for every count charging a Class B misdemeanor, and
\$ 10.00 for every count charging a Class C misdemeanor or an infraction.
The defendant must pay a special assessment or special assessments in the total amount of \$_400
ADDITIONAL APPLICABLE GUIDELINES, POLICY STATEMENTS, AND STATUTES  List any additional applicable guideline, policy statement, or statute.
UPWARD OR DOWNWARD DEPARTURE (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pts. H & K)
List any applicable aggravating or mitigating circumstance that might support a term of imprisonment above o below the applicable guideline range.